



MEMEL AND NORWAY LOGS.

CARGO of MEMEL and NORWAY LOGS, just now arrived, to be sold by the Timber Buth, by

PETER SCOTT.

AMERICA.

PERSON going out to settle at Halifax in Nova Scotia in the spring, as factor and agent for mercantile houses in Scotland, wishes to receive consignments of all sorts of goods, to dispose of them to the best advantage, and to make returns with the utmost fidelity and dispatch. In order to accommodate those wishing to make trial of that profitable trade, he will take out with him any kind of goods, in parcels, from the points value to any amount; and they will please apply as soon as possible, by letter, (post paid) to Mr W. P. Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, explaining their intentions, the nature and quantity of goods proposed; and they will be immediately answered by the same person, with every satisfaction in point of safety, &c. Almost every kind of Scots and English manufacture is in request, and sells to the greatest advantage. To anonymous applications attended to.

THE Right Honourable the Board of Ordnance.

Having been pleased to appoint JAMES KEMPT and of Edinburgh, paymaster to the Pensioners from the Royal Regiment of Artillery resident in North Britain, it is requested that those who wish to have their pensions paid at Edinburgh will apply either weekly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly for the same; which pensions will be paid to them at their house in Canongate, upon the proper vouchers being produced, clear of all expenses whatever, at the different rates of day on which they are entered on the Ordnance-books. The Pensioners that intend to receive their pensions at Edinburgh, and do not appear personally for that purpose, will send their receipts to James Kempt and Son, which are exempt from Stamp-duty, accompanied with the following certificate.

"These are to certify, That _____ an Ordnance Pensioner, is alive, and appeared before me _____ one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace (or before me _____) this _____ day of _____ 1783. The Justice of Peace or minister being pleased to mention the name of his country."

SELTZER WATER.

Lately imported, and sold by JOHN GRANT, foot of Quality-street, LEITH.

A eminent physician, Dr John Elliot of London, in his Treatise on the Nature and Medicinal Virtues of Mineral Waters, has the following remarks on Seltzer Water:

"It corrects acidities, renders the blood and juices more fluid, and promotes a brisk and free circulation. It is of great use in the gravel and stone, and of other disorders of the kidneys. It is also excellent in gouty and rheumatic complaints, especially when mixed with milk, in which it affords goats milk is to be preferred. It is drunk with great effect in scorbutic, cutaneous, and putrid disorders. In these disorders it is said to be much improved by the addition of Rhenish wine and a little sugar."

"It is good against the heartburn, and it is also an excellent stomachic. On account of its diuretic quality, it is of service in dropsical complaints. Mixed with wine, it is of great use in consumptive affections, and in disorders of the lungs. It is also of service in hypochondriacal and hysterical complaints. Drank by nurses, it is said to render their milk more wholesome and nourishing to children and to prevent it from turning sour on their stomachs."

TO be SOLD, by auction, for account of the Underwriters, at the Warehouse of William Sibbald and Co. in Leith, on Tuesday the 11th current, at eleven o'clock forenoon, A few Tons of DAMAGED HEMP, FLAX, and RODILLA, lately arrived from St Petersburg.

ANY Gentleman possessed of an Office under

Government, where attendance in Edinburgh is necessary, of the yearly value of 150 l. or upwards, and desirous of disposing of the same upon equitable terms, may hear of a person willing to treat with him, by sending a line addressed to J. S. to the care of the Publisher.

A Schoolmaster wanted for the Town of Leith,

TO teach MATHEMATICS, WRITING, &c. The salary to be 20 l. Sterling yearly, besides the emoluments arising from the school, which must be very considerable. The master found best qualified, upon a comparative trial before proper judges, at the Trinity-house, Leith, on Saturday the 15th November next, at eleven o'clock forenoon, will be preferred. Any person wanting further information, will please apply to any of the masters of the four Incorporations in Leith. The candidates to bring with them proper certificates of their character; and none need to apply who have an intention of being a minister.

PAPER-MAKERS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, several JOURNEY-MEN PAPER-MAKERS, for Broomhouse Paper-Mill. They shall have better wages than are given in any Mill near Edinburgh, and paid weekly. Their travelling expenses will be allowed them, with every encouragement.

The most pleasant and commodious houses are now built for workmen, which are ready furnished, and adjoining the mill.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Henry Taylor, Berwick upon Tweed.

WANTED,

For Three or Four Months from Christmas,

A FURNISHED HOUSE, in the neighbourhood of St Andrew's Square, of two good rooms or more on a floor, together with offices necessary to accommodate a genteel family.

Apply to Mr Elliot bookeller, to whom a description and the terms may be sent.

CANONGATE POOR FUNDS.

CANONGATE CHARITY WORK HOUSE, 2d OCTOBER 1783.

At a general meeting of the Managers of the Poor of Canongate, called this day, to consider the present state of their funds, it appeared, that, in supporting the Charity Work-house, and paying out-pensioners, they have already contracted a debt of 1000 l.; and that, in the course of this quarter, the sum of 1000 l. more will be incurred, from which they have no prospect of being relieved by the ordinary revenues of the poor.

Therefore they resolved, That as this is a business of great importance to the public, in which the heritors and inhabitants of the parish are materially concerned, they should be called to meet in the church of Canongate on Monday the 17th of November next, at twelve o'clock noon, to consider and determine some method by which the deficiency of the funds may be supplied, and in future prevented.

And they appoint public notice to be given of this, by reading the above minute from the precursor's desk on Sunday the 2d of November, and inserting it in the Edinburgh newspapers, thereby desiring all concerned to attend.

Extracted by JOHN RITCHIE, Clk.

NEW HABERDASHERY GOODS, &c.

WILLIAM ALLAN HABERDASHER & LINEN DRAPER, PARLIAMENT SQUARE.

MOST respectfully begs leave to inform his Customers and the Public, that he has just returned from London, where, with the utmost care, he has purchased a large, new, fashionable, and most elegant assortment of HABERDASHERY GOODS; and which he flatters himself will be worth the attention of the Ladies, being determined to sell every article on the very lowest terms; a few of which are the following, viz.

Great variety of new Printed Cottons, Some very elegant 5-4ths Printed Calicoes, New Queen's Stuffs for drudge gowns, 6-4ths Tamboord Mullin Aprons, 7-4ths ditto on Book Mullins, Book Mullin, 2 yards wide, very fine, A large assortment of Mullins, all breadths and prices, Marbled Bed-covers and Counterpanes, Curious collection of white and coloured Fancy Feathers, Jacobet and Book Mullin Handkerchiefs, Some pieces uncommonly fine ditto, Manchester Quiltings, with and without borders, Black Lutealings and Armazons, Neat assortment of Black Alamoses, half ell, 3-4ths, and yard wide, Coated and Figured Dimities, Bombazines and Norwich Crapes, Neat choice of Mullins, Black and coloured Mancoes and Durants, Plain and figured Sattins, all colours and prices, Coloured Perfians and Saracens, Quilted Durants, Persian, and Satin Petticoats, Printed Borders in fairs and yards, Great variety of Thread Edgings and Laces, Scotch and Irish Linens, all prices, Long Lawns and Cambrics.

N. B. Having attended some bankrupts sales, when in London, has bought several pieces of Black Alamoses and Mullins, which he can sell great bargains of. There is also falling off, at a considerably reduced price, a parcel of last year's Printed Cottons.

All kinds of Millinery Work continues, as usual, to be made in the newest taste, and on the very shortest notice.

PATENT PISTOLS, SPURS, and SNUFFERS.

PETER FORRESTER, and COMPANY most respectfully beg leave to acquaint their friends and customers, That one of the partners has just returned from London, Birmingham, Sheffield, &c. where he has been for a considerable time, and has bestowed the utmost care and attention in choosing out and purchasing from the best makers, at the lowest ready money prices, a Very Large, Complete, and Elegant Assortment of Jewellery and Hardware, the particulars whereof being too numerous for an advertisement, they can only mention the following, which they can with great justice and propriety recommend as articles of the very best qualities, and far cheaper than goods of the kind have ever been sold in this country.

Tea Kitchens and Coffee Pots, plain, brown, and with plated mounting. Plated Tea Kitchens, Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, &c. Plated Table, Chamber, and Bracket Candlesticks. Japanned Tea Trays, Bread Baskets, Waiters, &c. Japanned and inlaid Tea and Coffee Pots. Some very capital double-barreled Guns. A great variety of single-barreled ditto.

Ditto of single and double-barreled, with belts and hooks, all kinds. A complete assortment of the most elegant patterns of Silver Shoe Buckles.

Ditto of Sett Shoe, Knee, and Stock Buckles, plain, and with gold edgings.

A large and most elegant assortment of fashionable Plated Buckles, consisting of many hundred dozens, all different patterns.

Gold Watches, plain, engraved and enamelled, capped and jeweled, horizontal and with seconds.

Silver, Gilt, Tortoise-shell, and Shagreen ditto, with a vast variety of Gold, Steel, Gilt, Leather, and Silk Chains; as also of Gold and Gilt Seals, Hooks, Keys, Trunkets, &c.

Table and Desert Knives and Forks, Carvers and Tea-knives; with silver-plated, green and white Ivory, Ebony, Horn, Cocoon, Barwood, Hartshorn, and Bone Handles; a large assortment, from 5 s. to 5 guineas per dozen.

Cases for Knives, Forks, and Spoons, of Mahogany, Paper, Shagreen, &c.

Umbrellas of all kinds, from 9 s. 6 d. to 35 s. each.

Pocket and Memorandum-books of all kinds for Ladies and Gentlemen, with Morocco, Silk, Tambour, and other Covers.

A complete assortment of Ring and Breast-plates of the different sizes and patterns that are just now universally worn in London, with and without hair-pieces, paintings, &c.

They beg leave also to recommend the new-invented Patent Pistols, Snuffers, and Spurs, that are so universally approved of as the most useful and curious that have ever appeared.

The highest prices are given for Gold and Silver Lace, &c. Silver Plate, and all kinds of Jewellery Work made and repaired.

CARRON GRATES, SMOKE STOVES, REGISTERS, LAUNDRY-HEATERS, and STEWING STOVES, &c. &c.

To be sold at the BLOCK TIN and LAMP WAREHOUSE

WILLIAM FRASER, TIN-PLATE-WORKER,

Luckenbooths, Edinburgh;

WHO begs leave respectfully to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has at present on hand an assortment of Block-Tin Utensils, for every other purpose as well as the Kitchen. Spermaceti and Common Oil, of the best qualities, and other articles in his branch of trade.

He has had lately consigned to him, a variety of Carron Grates, Smoke Stoves, with Registers, Cut Fenders, Laundry Heaters, and Stewing Stoves, which, for polish and neatness, are equal to any in town, and are sold on the most reasonable terms.

THE FOLLOWING BOOKS,

WRITTEN BY

PROFESSORS in the UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH,

ARE THIS DAY PUBLISHED BY

By William Creech,

1. OBSERVATIONS on the Structure and Functions of the Nervous System, with 55 copperplate tables, by Alexander Monro, M. D. and Professor of Anatomy, elegantly printed in one volume royal folio.
 2. The Anatomical Tables of Albinus (executed under the inspection and direction of Dr Monro), with the explanations, in English, of the same size, in one volume folio.
 3. Conspectus Medicinæ Theoreticæ, auctore Jacobo Gregory, M. D. et Med. Theoret. Professore, 2 vols 8vo.
 4. Elements of the Practice of Physic, by Dr John Gregory, 8vo.
 5. Dr Cullen's First Lines of the Practice of Physic, 3 vols 8vo, third edition.
 6. Synopsis Nosologiæ Methodicæ, 2 vols edit. tertio.
 7. Institutions of Medicine, second edit. 1780.
 8. Lectures on the Materia Medica, 8vo, new edit.
 9. Haller's Primæ Linæ Physiologie, cura Cullen.
 10. Dr Black's Experiments on Magnesia Alba and Quicklime, with Dr Cullen's Experiments on Cold, a new edit. corrected.
 11. Methodus Materie Medicæ, auctore Francisco Home.
 12. Principia Medicinæ, edit. tertio, eodem auctore.
 13. Dr Monro's Anatomy of the Bones and Nerves, 3 s.
 14. Dr Alston's Lectures on the Materia Medica, revised and published by Dr Hope, 2 vols. 4to. 1 l. 10 s. bound.
 15. Thesaurus Dissertationum in Academia Edinensi de Re Medica, 2 vols. 8vo.
 16. Genera Animalium a Linnaeo, et aliis, cura Roberti Ramfay, nuper Hist. Nat. Prof.
 17. Delinatio Fossilium, auctore Johanne Walker, Nat. Hist. Prof.
 18. Schediasma Fossilium, eodem auctore.
- Books by Professors in the Faculty of Arts, for the use of their Students:
19. Outlines of Mechanical Philosophy, containing the heads of a course of lectures, by Mr Robison, Professor of Natural Philosophy.
 20. Opusculum, by Mr Tait, Professor of Civil History, and Greek and Roman Antiquities.
 21. Institutes of Moral Philosophy, 3d edit. by Dr Ferguson, Professor of Moral Philosophy.
 22. History of Civil Society, 8vo, 5th edit. 6 s. by the same author.
 23. Dr Blair's Heads of Lectures on Rhetoric and Belles Lettres, 3d edition.
 24. The First Principles of Philosophy, by Mr Bruce, Professor of Logic, 2d edit. enlarged, 2 s. 6 d.
 25. Dr Stuart's Mathematical Works.
 26. Elements of Algebra.
 27. Heads of Lectures on Universal Grammar, Roman Literature, and Antiquities, by Professor Hill.

FLOWER-ROOTS, Early GARDEN SEEDS,

&c. &c.

JUST arrived from London and Holland, to be sold wholesale and retail by

ANDERSON, LESLIE, AND COMPANY

At their Warehouse opposite the Cross of Edinburgh.

Fine double Red } Hyacinths. } Best Polyanthus Narcissus.
White } } Best large and small Jonquills.
Blue } } Fine Ranunculuses.
Thirty different sorts of fine double } }
Carnations. } } Anemones.

A L S O,

Early Garden Seeds, fit for sowing at this season; Bird Seeds; Garden Tools of all sorts, and Traps for catching vermin, or protecting gardens; Whole and Split Peas for pot use;—and likewise, a few packets of very fine Hops.

A N D,

At the Large Nursery of Broomfield Park,

North side of Edinburgh.

ALL SORTS OF FRUIT AND FOREST TREES.

In particular, fine trained Peach, Nectarine, and Apricot Trees; Forest Trees of all sorts, both seedlings and transplanted; Thorns fit for hedges and feedings; Flowering Shrubs of many sorts; a great variety of Herbaceous and Green-house Plants; Pine Apple Plants of all sizes. The whole of the above articles will, as usual, be sold, on the most reasonable terms.

N. B. Commissions from the country carefully attended to, and speedily executed.

Printed Catalogues to be had at their Warehouse or Nursery.

EDINBURGH AND GLASGOW FLY

DILIGENCES.

THE Proprietors of the Glasgow Fly Coaches, which did run from Mel. George Warden's; stables in the Grass-market, Edinburgh; and James Buchanan's, Saracen's Head Inn, Glasgow, have now put on that Stage, NEW LARGE CHAISES, commonly called DILIGENCES, which will easily contain three inside passengers.

Continues to set out (every lawful day) from the above Inn, at eight o'clock in the morning precisely.

N. B. Passengers who chafe to take the full seats of this Diligence, may be accommodated at any early or later hour, by giving notice to the offices the evening preceding, which will be particularly attended to.

PRICE OF STOCKS, Nov 7.

Bank Stock, —	3 per cent. Ann. —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 76 s.	India Bonds, 9 diff.
3 per cent. con. 52 s. 2 d.	Exchange Bill, 9 diff.
3 per cent. red. —	Navy Bills, 12 s. 2 d. diff.
3 per cent. 1726, —	3 per cent. Scrip. 6 s. 2 d. 61 s. 2
Long Ann. 13 s. 16th a 4.	61.
Short Ann. 1778, 12 15-16ths.	4 per cent. Scrip. 78 s.
South Sea Stock, —	1st Long Ann. —
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	Omnium, —
Ditto New Ann. —	Lottery Tickets, 1 s. 1 s. 2 s.
Ditto 1751, —	6 d.
India Stock, —	

THE King of Sweden arrived here the 22d in the evening; and on Friday the 25th, he set out early in the morning for Inspruck, to pursue his journey to Italy.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, Nov. 4.

The *Emilia*, Frazer, of Bristol, was well at Africa the 10th of June, with 100 Negroes on board.
The *Tony*, Wells, from Chatterdown for St Augustine and London, was lost upon St Augustine Bar.
The *Maria*, Milburn, of Newcastle, from Granada to Deptford, is put into Kinfaul in distress.
The *Ann*, Miller, from Jamaica, distressed at Cork in distress.
Captain Tallock, of the *Polly*, arrived in the Creek, from Malaga, spoke on the 21st ult. 20 leagues to the westward of Sicily, with the *Jupiter*, Soraggi, from Bristol to the coast of Africa.
The *Portland* packet from Plymouth, arrived at New York the 31st September, and the *Casteret* packet from ditto at ditto the 4th October.

From the London Papers, Nov. 4.

Petersburgh, Oct. 7. Orders are issued out for raising one soldier out of every 200 inhabitants of this empire capable of bearing arms; an augmentation of 50,000 land forces at least will result from this expedient.

Warsaw, Oct. 15. By advices from Constantinople we learn, that they have received accounts that the people of Georgia, after putting the approaches into their country into a state of defence, have (in number 50,000 men) fallen upon Natolia, beaten the Turkish troops, and taken the town of Harts; they are said to have been assisted by the Pacha Alk-hafike, brother-in-law to Prince Solomon. Ali Pacha is near Oczakow with a numerous army, and has received orders to march with 100,000 men against the Georgians. If this unexpected event is fully confirmed, it will contribute much to prevail with the Grand Signior to keep peace with Russia and Austria, and consent to what they require, be it almost what it will.

Hamburg, Oct. 20. General Egloftain on the 15th received orders from the King of Prussia, for the Prussian troops to enter the territory of Dantzick, if the Magistrates continue to reject the proposals for an accommodation: the General immediately gave notice of these orders to the Magistrates, requiring at the same time to know whether the city had determined to grant the free navigation to the Prussian vessels near Schellenuhler, and gave him twice 24 hours to deliberate upon an answer. The Magistrates answer must certainly have been a denial, as yesterday afternoon the Prussian Resident quitted the town, and this morning at ten o'clock the King's troops entered the territory of Dantzick, and we fear that city will soon have reason to repent their having provoked his Prussian Majesty.

Paris, Oct. 20. The English Captain Agill, who, thro' the intercession of our Court, escaped death, to which General Washington had been obliged to condemn him by way of retaliation, is arrived in this capital, with his mother and his two sisters. They are to set out immediately to Fontainebleau, to return their thanks to his Excellency Comte de Vergennes.

L O N D O N.

Letters are arrived in town from Amsterdam, which mention an express to have come over land from Baffora, giving a recital of an engagement between the English and French fleets on the coast of Pondicherry, in which Mons. Suffrein, it is said, was defeated, with the loss of three men of war.

There are letters in France from the French Admiral in the East Indies, saying, that his fleet was in so disabled a condition that he was obliged to lie in harbour; and as the news of the peace must arrive a few weeks after the dates of those letters, all further hostilities between the two fleets would of course cease.

Yesterday there was a Cabinet Council held at Mr Fox's office, which broke up about three o'clock. Some fresh accounts, relative to the balance of the political hemisphere, are supposed to be the basis of the business of the day. As soon as the Council was over, a messenger was dispatched with the result of the meeting to his Majesty at Windsor.

The public are high in expectation for the meeting of Parliament. His Majesty will open the session this day fortnight with a speech from the Throne, which it is hoped will hold out some comfortable prospects for the people of this country, who have with a generous confidence and unbounded liberality supported administration during an unsuccessful war, undertaken to maintain the dignity of the Crown. They have a right to expect the exertion of our present rulers, to alleviate as much as possible, the burthen of heavy taxes, and that individuals will sacrifice their interest and political animosities to the good of the nation in general.

The funds are now rising. Ministry are determined to enforce the receipt tax, by altering the act, making the vendor to find a proper receipt, with a severe penalty upon any person giving a receipt without a legal stamp.

The Dutch have certainly offered an equivalent for the restoration of Negapatnam, which Ministry will immediately bring before Parliament, in order to take their opinion on it.

The *Asia* East Indiaman, Captain Mann, arrived last night at her moorings in the river.

The ship taken by the Dutch in the East Indies must be the *Queen* East Indiaman, Captain Douglas, on her voyage from China; there being no ship of war of that name in that quarter.

When the *Diomedé* sailed from New York on the 29th of September, there were at that place, the *Renown* of 50 guns, *Affiance* of 44, and seven frigates, part of which were daily expected to be dispatched home.

Extract of a letter from Prince Torun, in New Jersey, dated September 2.

"When I wrote to you, I informed you, that I had great hopes that the Congress would soon pass such liberal resolutions as might have a tendency to put a stop to the further violence of the mobs and committees in the different States. Every good person and lover of peace here was looking with the utmost anxiety for the recommendation stipulated to be made by the treaty; but, alas! we have been disappointed; three attempts have been made to carry the vote for the said recommendation through the Congress, but they have all failed; the question was three times put and debated, and as often negatived. And now, my friend, we despair of the Congress ever complying with that article of the treaty, and we dread the consequences, least Great Britain should also on her part think

herself at liberty to dispense with any of the articles of the treaty that are disagreeable to her or her subjects, when a new war must be the result.

It is said, that General Washington has received an express from Baron Steuben, informing him, that General Haldiman has refused to deliver up the posts in Canada, ceded by the treaty to America; alleging, that the season is too far advanced for the inhabitants and troops to cross the lakes. What effect this will have is hard to say.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Nov. 4.

"If reports here are to be credited, it no longer remains a doubt who will succeed as the representative in parliament for the City of York, in the room of the late Sir Charles Turner. Lord Fitzwilliam, it seems, has been trying his strength in favour of the Hon. Mr Fitzwilliam, but finding it too weak to attempt to start him as a candidate, has very wisely yielded to the Yorkshire Committee in favour of Charles Duncombe, Esq; brother to the member for the county, the honour of representing which, he on a former occasion declined. This gentleman is perfectly an independent character, possesses an immense fortune, and every qualification to render him an ornament of the British Senate.

Mr Adams, and Mr Jay, now in London, charged with business of a political nature from Congress, live here in the most retired manner. They had yesterday an invitation from the *Revolution Society*, to dine this day at their anniversary feast, but thought proper to decline the honour intended them. In short, they will have as little to do with public dinners as with Ministers, to both of which they are equally averse. They have but little opinion of the sincerity of the present Administration; while their dispositions are but ill suited to tavern tables, where the dissonance of Bacchus, and his noisy revellers, is too generally mistaken for the mirth of social friendship.

There is no truth in the report, that Mr Laurens Junior will shortly be appointed Ambassador from America, to the Court of France, in the room of Dr Franklin, who, when the last accounts left him at Paris, was in tolerable good health.

For several days past, a disagreement amongst the Ministers has been confidently whispered. Certain it is, that the Duke of Portland has lately paid a visit to Earl Gower, at Trentham Hall, in Staffordshire, of a very private nature, under pretence of going down to the Duke of Devonshire's seat. It is also a well known fact, that much altercation has ensued between Lord North and Mr Fox, on East India politics, the latter differing with the former as to the supporting Mr Hastings in the Government of Bengal, with the Government interested. From these circumstances, and some recent appearances of coolness, amongst some certain persons, who have of late been extremely cordial and well affected to one another, some change in Administration is thought more than likely. The opinion more generally formed is, that there is an intention of elbowing out Lord North, and bringing in the Bedford interest. With a view to this, overtures are said to have been made to the Hon. Mr William Pitt, and Mr Charles Jenkinson. The latter gentleman, has, within these few days past, been closetted several times, but the first mentioned person is said not to have listened very kindly to the proposal made him. You may depend upon hearing from me farther on the subjects. In the mean time, be assured, that there is good foundation for what I have above stated.

Every means continues to be used, to foment the difference lately arisen amongst the ministry. Their friends, however, reckon their situation as permanent as ever; and in confirmation of it give out, that they count 334 members in the lower House firm to their party.

Mrs Helen Callander, daughter of Mr Callander of Craighforth, and wife of Mr John Campbell, writer to the signet, died here on Monday the 3d instant.

The number of students attending the medical classes in the University of Edinburgh, is greater this year than ever remembered at any former period; inasmuch, that Dr Monro has been under the necessity of erecting a new gallery in his theatre for their accommodation; and Dr Cullen has been obliged to lecture in the Episcopal Chapel in Skinner's Close, his own class-room in the College being altogether incapable of containing them. A correspondent cannot help lamenting the dissipation and extravagance of his countrymen, who are laying out immense sums in building assembly rooms, and other superfluous edifices, when the most celebrated seminary for physic in the world, even despicable as it is at present, is mouldering into ruins for want of a few necessary repairs. Would it not be worthy, continues our correspondent, of the refinement, for which this age is so truly conspicuous, to set on foot the scheme, some time ago in agitation, of building an entire new edifice, suitable to the dignity of the metropolis, and to the great merits of those eminent Professors, whose distinguished abilities reflect the highest honour on the University of Edinburgh.

Thursday and yesterday two divisions of the 15th regiment marched from Edinburgh for Glasgow and Stirling. The 9th regiment arrived yesterday to garrison the Castle.

We are informed, that the barony of Rossie, situated on the banks of the South Esk, opposite to Montrose, which has been some time in the market, is now sold to Hercules Ross, Esq; lately from Jamaica.

A few days ago died at Troup, near Banff, Elizabeth Clark, aged 104. She had resided in the parish of Skains 101 years. Her memory and senses she retained till the last, and it was not till after 100 that she gave over working.

The 5th regiment of foot passed through Glasgow on Monday and Tuesday, on their way to Port Patrick, where they are to embark for Ireland.

The silence observed in either of our Houses of Parliament, since their opening, on the great and important subject of a Parliamentary reform, is by no means to be attributed to a disregard for the wishes of the nation, or the dereliction of an object of such magnitude;—but to a just and proper sense of its vast importance, and a wish to acquire from the proceedings of the great national convention, which is to sit the 10th inst. every possible instruction and information. We are very sorry, however, on this occasion, to give it as our opinion, that whatever success this great measure may meet with in one of the branches of our legislature, another is hostile to it to such a degree, that it is confidently asserted, there are not six friends to it in that body. *Dub. E. P.*

Notwithstanding the great difference that has arisen between Mr Flood and Mr Grattan, we are happy in being able to af-

fure our readers, that the abilities of these gentlemen will be exerted in support of the great object of a Parliamentary reform, to the very great disappointment of that profligate anarchy, entrenched behind the false phalanx of the hierarchy, who vainly imagined that the cause of the public would suffer from the private and personal resentments of these exalted characters. *Ibid.*

The *Ann*, Sunderland, from Newfoundland, is arrived Oporto.

The HADDINGTON ASSEMBLY is to be held Wednesday next.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Antigua to his friend in Dumfriesshire, dated Sept. 27. 1783.

"Yesterday morning, about two o'clock, we had a violent shock of an earthquake. Though I was fast asleep it awakened me, and I thought somebody was shaking my bed; but when I came to my senses, and found what it was, it struck me with great terror. I was scarce able to keep myself in bed; indeed many held by the bed posts, while others got up entirely."

Account of the distress of the ship *Grange*, (which sailed from Clyde for Virginia on the 3d of August last) and given by a gentleman who was passenger, in a letter to a friend in Glasgow.

On board the *Grange*, off Belle Isle, five miles below Lisbon, October, 11, 1783.

"You will no doubt be a good deal surprised on having a letter from me, dated at this place; but it was sent thousand to one that you ever heard of us."

"On the 19th of September, lat. 38. 28. N. long. 53. 37. W. in the morning, it came on to blow very hard, and by evening it blew a perfect hurricane, the ship lying under a fore sail. On the 20th, at three in the morning, we got the fore sail handed with great difficulty, and got the reef main sail on her, it blowing still very hard and a heavy sea, the ship labouring very hard all the day. At five P. M. when pumping the ship, could not get a launch at her; rigged both pumps, but to no purpose; sent a hand down the pump well, and to our great mortification, found seven feet water in the hold. All hands stood by the pumps, and bailing at the fore scuttle till morning, the water still gaining on us. On Sunday the 21st, by day break, got the fore and after hatchways cleared. With bailing at the three hatchways, and both pumps going, we could not keep our own till about three in the afternoon, (the water at that time eight feet in the hold) when we began to gain a little (about an inch in the hour) owing, as we afterwards found, to a piece of Gulf-weed having got into the leak; a lucky circumstance for us, as by that time we thought all was over, the ship lying perfectly water-lodged, and every body on board much exhausted. It continued still to blow fresh, with a heavy swell, and we had nothing for it but hard work or sinking."

"On Monday the 22d, in the morning, we had gained a good deal on her, (owing to the reason above mentioned) and observing the water a good deal clearer in the after hold, the forward, concluded the leak was there. We cleared away the after hold, and by twelve o'clock were fortunate enough to find out pretty near where it was, which gave us all new spirits, for we were then very near spent. Got all the goods out of the way, and were obliged to leave some of them overboard. At three P. M. got to the leak, which was a seam five feet above the mizen mast, third stroke from the keel, twelve inches long, and so wide that I put my hand through it. We found several pieces of the Gulf-weed in the inside, which had proved our salvation; by four got the leak stop, about eight got the ship clear of water."

"The ship having strained herself so much in the gale, and strong westerly winds continuing, it was thought most prudent to bear away for this place, where we arrived last Wednesday evening. When we shall get away, God knows; for the ship wants a thorough repair; a narrower escape will never be made. It was well for us that there were so many passengers on board, else we must have gone to the bottom before Sunday morning. The ladies behaved with great spirit, and made every possible exertion to assist us."

There were about 100 persons, (sailors and passengers,) on board the *Grange*.

Extract of a letter from Waterford, October 24.

"On Saturday last, arrived here, after a passage of fourteen days, from Rotterdam, the sloop *Mary*, of Limerick, Captain Crilley, and brought over fourteen more of the Genevise settlers, all men of the first talents in the watch-making business, who intend immediately to commence a manufactory thereof in this city, until they shall be established in New Geneva. They are expert in making all kinds of watches, equal to those of any other country whatever, of which an idea may in some degree be formed, in seeing among them a young boy of thirteen years of age, capable of finishing the entire movement of a watch in fifteen days. Numbers of their fellow-citizens intend immediately to follow them; and they assure there would already have been more than six hundred persons on their way to this kingdom, if the proper dispositions were made to receive them. It is therefore much to be wished, that the commission for this necessary establishment should be forwarded with the utmost diligence, and that those Genevians, who are already arrived, may meet with every encouragement in expectation whereof, the Genevise merchants have laid themselves out to transport their commerce into Ireland."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Nov. 1.

Last night Mr Henry Flood appeared in his place in the House of Commons and afterwards remained the whole evening in the House of Lords during the debate on Mountmorres's bill for annual sessions.

It is asserted that Mr Gardiner will undoubtedly more the grants of supply not to exceed six months, till the great measures of a Parliamentary reform and protecting duties are acceded to.

A vessel arrived here yesterday from Philadelphia, laden with tobacco.—It is worthy of remark; that though the property of this vessel, as well as its Captain, McCarty, is wholly Irish, when she entered the Delaware she had not so much as an Irish jack on board, but was obliged for safety, and to command a respect, her union crosses were ineffectual to procure her, to purchase a complete suit of Irish colours at Philadelphia."

IRISH PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

HOUSE OF PEERS, Friday, Oct. 31.

After the usual business of the day, Lord Mountmorres arose, and proved the indubitable right they had by the constitution, and the real utility of frequent meetings of Parliament, that they ought to be annual. It was the right of the people, he said, both by common and statute law, and particularly by the 4th and 36th of Edward III. the bill of Rights, &c.

men will be
parliamentary
profligate and
of the hierarchy
public would
exalted
is arrived
to be held
in his friend
33.
had a violent
sleep it was
"but when I
"trick me with
in bed; indeed
up entirely."
which failed
last) and given
to a friend in
below Light
on having a
ten thousand to
N. long 53 37
d, and by evening
under a fore sail.
got the fore sail
main sail on her,
the ship labouring
pumping the ship
pumps, but to no
and to our great
hulk. All hands
little till morning
the air, by day
ed. With sailing
ng, we could not
on, (the water
can to gain a little
wards found, it
; a lucky circum-
was over, the ship
y on board much
with a heavy swell
linking.
we had gained a
e-mention) and
the after-noon the
e cleared away in
bare enough to feel
all new spirits, for
goods out of the
m overboard. At
am five feet above
twelve inches long.
We found fresh
ch had proved our
eight got the ship
h in the gale, and
ought most prudent
ed last Wednesday
nows; for the ship
will never be made
passengers on board
e Sunday morning
made every possible
passengers,) in
October 24.
a passage of four
ary, of Lincolns-
more of the Gen-
the watch-making
ence a manufactory
ished in New Ge-
of watches, equal
which an idea may
them a young boy
g the entire more-
of their fellow-ci-
; and they assist
x hundred persons
r-dispositions were
to be wished, that
ment should be for-
those Geese, and
very encouragement
rchants have laid
to Ireland."
Nov. 1.
in his place in the
ed the whole even-
ate on Mountmor-
undoubtedly more
uths, till the great
protecting duties are
Philadelphia, ladies
though the pro-
McCart, is wholly
had not so much as
safety, and to com-
ineffectual to pro-
h colours at Phila-

He then moved that the bill for the annual meeting of Parlia-
ment should receive a second reading.
This brought on a debate, in which Lords Carysford, Bella-
mont, Farnham, Longford, Carlow, Mountgarret, the Lord
Chancellor, and the Duke of Leinster opposed the bill, on the
ground of its not being the most eligible mode that could be ad-
dressed. The most proper and respectful way was, by address
to his Majesty. The House agreed in the right the nation had,
but hoped the noble Viscount would withdraw his bill, and
move by way of address, which he complied with, and Monday
was appointed for bringing in this matter.
Lord Mountmorres gave notice, that he intended to bring
on a motion of great importance, which was a relaxation of the
Popery laws, and that he threw it out thus early, that their
Lordships might have time to consider of the subject.
Adjourned till Monday.
HOUSE OF COMMONS, WEDNESDAY, Oct. 29.
A letter was read by the Clerk from the Lord Chief Justice
of the King's Bench to the Right Hon. the Speaker, acquaint-
ing him, that in consequence of information, he had signed a
warrant to take the Right Hon. Henry Grattan and Henry
Flood, Esq; into custody, directed to the High Sheriffs, in or-
der to maintain the peace; but from the respect his Lordship
entertained for that House, he had avoided issuing the same for
execution until he should receive the sentiments of the House
from the Speaker.
The Speaker at the same time added, that he did not think
it necessary, nor did he wish it should be entered on the Jour-
nals; but if the matter was left to him, he should take the
most necessary steps that could be adopted on the occasion.
Mr Foster said, he had a matter of national importance to
move, and begged the attention of the House. It was in regard
to the commerce with Portugal; and as that nation seemed re-
fractory to the admission of all goods from this kingdom, it was
but justice to impose a heavy duty on all commodities from
that country. He should therefore move, that a Committee be
appointed to examine into the quantity of goods, the produce
of that country, imported into this kingdom, and the nature of
the trade in general between both countries.
Mr Gardiner approved of his Right Hon. friend's idea,
and he could wish to extend it further, by embracing the differ-
ent encouragements held out by Spain, particularly in regard
to our linens, which they received at a small duty, much less
than the French and German linens. This should incline them
to pay some respect to this partiality of Spain; particularly as
they had of late years set up a great manufactory of printed li-
nens; and as the linens of other countries did not answer so
well for this purpose as those of Ireland, they had taken large
quantities of the linens of this country from British merchants,
even last year, to the amount of at least 18,000 yards; by this
means, the English had a profit as well as the Irish, which
could be accumulated to this country, by carrying on a direct
trade to Spain, and prevent the English from being the factors
of Ireland. Another object of the Spanish trade was the im-
portation of its wool, which, by getting it through the medium
of England, came at a greater price, and consequently enhanced
the value of all cloths, above the value of 17s. per yard, by be-
ing entirely manufactured of Spanish wool. Another object, he
said, was the importation of dye stuffs from Spain, by the same
direct channel, which would also be a national saving. And in
order to accomplish those several purposes, he thought Ireland
should exclude Spain from the Alien Duties, and give it a
preference to the Portugal trade, in every respect.
Mr Toler hoped the House would take into consideration
the structure of treaties, and how far Ireland was concerned in
British treaties.—In regard to Portugal, it remained, he said,
undecided; but these respecting America, the Secretary had
taken upon himself to settle.—We had not yet come upon a
clear footing with England.
Some indifferent conversation having passed on the subject,
Mr Corry thought it would be necessary to lay before the Com-
mittee, the transactions which had passed between English Mi-
nisters and the Court of Portugal, in regard to the claims of
Ireland. It unfortunately happened, he said, that the interest
of Ireland clashed with that of England in the woolen trade of
that market, and this made the copies of the proceedings in this
business the more necessary.
Mr Secretary Pelham said, that every paper and every in-
struction in this transaction should be applied for. The interest
of England and Ireland was inseparable. He disclaimed every
separate idea; and if he thought that such a distinction exist-
ed, he would never have come into this country. Nothing said
in or out of doors could divert his attention from that object.
The Speaker adverted to the bad consequences which at-
tends the not observing the proper orders of the House. The
affair of last night, he said, was a disgraceable instance. He
therefore gave notice, that he would for the future strictly en-
force every necessary order of that House.
Mr Richard Longfield observed, that, on a former occasion,
the House had addressed his Majesty on the Portugal business,
and moved, that the Clerk should read them over; which be-
ing complied with,
The Attorney-General said, that in the last Parliament a
motion was made for a Committee on this ground, but oppo-
sed, on account of a negotiation said to be then carrying on for
that purpose. An address had, however, been sent, and a fa-
vourable answer received. But he supposed the negotiation
had proved fruitless, otherwise notice would have been taken of
it in the Speech from the Throne. Hoped no objection could
arise to a Committee on the subject now, and then an address
might be sent to his Majesty to know the particulars of such
steps as had been taken in this business.
The question for the Committee being then put, it was car-
ried, and the Committee accordingly appointed.
Mr Foster then made several motions, that the proper officer
should lay before the House the various particulars in respect
to our imports from, and exports to Portugal; which were se-
verally agreed to.
Sir Edward Newenham moved for leave to bring in a bill
for the better maintaining the administration of justice, by as-
certaining the qualifications necessary for Justices of Peace for
counties at large. Agreed to.
Mr Crofton reported from the Committee on the Bill for the
qualification of members to serve in Parliament; which was
read, and committed for Wednesday next.
General Cunningham said, he was not in the House when
his thanks were voted to General Elliott; but he had a motion
to make in the very words of the thanks voted in the English
House, to a brave countryman of ours, Sir Eyre Coote, which
he hoped would not receive a dissenting voice. He then mo-
ved, that the thanks of the House be voted to Sir Eyre Coote,

for his great perseverance and indefatigable pains to surmount
the great difficulties he had to encounter in the Carnatic, and
his gallant conduct throughout the whole of his command in
the East Indies. Ordered unanimously.
Sir Edward Newenham paid a just eulogium to the conduct
of Sir Edward Hughes, and said, he would move on the sub-
ject at another time.
Sir Henry Cavendish having delivered his sentiments on the
order of the House, made a motion on the same, but at last
withdrew it; when the House adjourned.
Thursday, October 30.
The House resolved itself into the grand Committee of Ac-
counts, Monk Mason, Esq; in the Chair.
The public accounts were read at the table; after some time
passed therein, the Committee adjourned, and the House re-
sumed.
Colonel Clements delivered accounts of the national Bank
and Treasury. Ordered to lie on the table.
Several official papers and accounts were delivered at the
bar, pursuant to order.
Sir Edward Newenham moved, that the thanks of the House
be voted to Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hughes, for his excel-
lent conduct in the several engagements he had with the enemy
in the East Indies. Ordered accordingly.
Thanks were afterwards voted to the officers and seamen
that served under Sir Edward Hughes; as also to Sir Roger
Curtis, for the gallant part he took in the defence of Gibraltar;
and the humanity he displayed in saving the lives of the enemy.
Lord Charles Fitzgerald presented a petition from the un-
der-takers of the Grand Canal, praying the loan of 50,000 l.
to complete the navigation from the harbour of Dublin, to the
river Barrow; the principal allegations in which petition were;
That they have expended their whole capital of 100,000 l.
That they have perfected a navigation for 27 miles from the
city of Dublin. That the work is not complete until its com-
munication with the rivers Barrow and Shannon be opened.
That the carriage of goods on the line is amazingly reduced;
that is, to two pence an Irish portion on all goods, except lime,
lime-stone, turf, building-stones, bricks, paving-stones, gravel,
foil, dung and manure for lands, which are only a half-penny
a mile per ton. That the manufacturers of Dublin, who con-
sume Kilkenny coals, will immediately save fifteen thousand
pounds per annum, in the difference between 2 l. 10 s. and
18 s. 4 d. per ton. That when the communication is opened
between Dublin and Lough Allen, the nation will save in the
article of coals 239,000 l. per annum. That when they pro-
cure the loan of 50,000 l. it will enable them on their own bot-
tom to complete the work; and repay the loan.
Mr T. St George delivered in the accounts from the Bar-
rack-Board.
Sir H. Cavendish moved, that all the standing orders of the
House be revived.
Mr John Foster repeated his objections of the preceding day;
that several of them were absolute contradictions to each other,
and that it was best to refer it to a Committee to consider and
report what were, or what were not fit to be revived.
After some conversation, it was referred to a committee.
Friday, October 31.
The Committee of Accounts sat, after which the House met
according to adjournment.
Mr D. Brown acquainted the House, that he had reason to
think, from the information he had received, that part of the
100,000 l. granted for raising seamen for the service of the Bri-
tish navy, hath been misapplied, and employed to raise Fencibles,
to a very considerable amount; he therefore moved, that
the proper officer be ordered to lay before the House an ac-
count of the precise day his Majesty's orders were issued for
stopping the recruiting service in this kingdom.
Mr Corry seconded the motion.
At the instant General Luttrell arose to second it also. He
congratulated the honourable member on having mentioned the
business; he said, if his information should prove true, it would
be the business of the House, and was the wish of his heart to
have it speedily and strictly investigated. Ordered accordingly.
The proper officer laid before the House an account of the
quantity of flour brought to Dublin from Ladyday 1781, to
Ladyday 1783.
Mr G. Molyneux moved, that the proper officer do lay be-
fore the House an account of the number of forces in this
kingdom, when the 5000 troops were sent to Great Britain.
Ordered accordingly.
Two new members sworn in.—After which David Latouche,
Esq; acquainted the House that a severe illness kept him at
home, the day that the business relative to the national bank
was brought forward by a Right Hon. Baronet. He assured
the House, that since the bank opened, which was on the 24th
of June last, great advantages were reaped therefrom, particu-
larly by the traders in linen, who had been advanced large sums
at 5 l. per cent. that the business of the bank was conducted in
the most clear and regular manner, and that he thought great
benefit would arise to the nation, if the several sums of money
which remained in the hands of lawyers, were ordered to be
paid into the bank, for which purpose he shortly intended to
bring a bill into the House.
Sir H. Cavendish assured the Hon. member, when he mo-
ved for the inquiry, he did not mean to throw the least oblo-
quy on the Governors or Directors, for whose characters he
had the highest respect.
Mr Latouche observed, such enquiries generally carried to
the world an imputation or suspicion.
Mr Pelham read to the House his Majesty's answer to their
address of thanks. Ordered to be entered on the journals.
After which an address of thanks was moved, and ordered
to his Majesty for his most gracious answer.
Mr Hartley presented a petition from the Chamber of Com-
merce.
Mr Attorney-General observed it would be proper that the
petitioners should be named, a body filing themselves the
Council or the Chamber of Commerce; after a short conversa-
tion the petition was referred to a committee.
Mr Bushe presented a petition from Mr Ellison, master of
Kilkenny school, praying aid to enlarge the same. Referred
to a committee.
On this petition Mr Bushe observed, that nothing would
more powerfully operate against gentlemen becoming absentees,
than making education convenient at home; that besides the vast
sums sent away to support pupils abroad, which might thereby
be saved, it had a further effect, for in looking over the great
and respectable list of noblemen and gentlemen educated at Kil-
kenny, he could find very few who afterwards became absent-
tees; on the contrary, in looking over the absentee list, he

found that very few who compose it had been educated in Ire-
land; this he thought arose from the affection men obtain for
the place in which they spend their earlier and happier days,
and where they form their first friendships and connections.
Mr Bushe was ably and warmly supported by the Provost,
who said, that he had long seen the necessity of two or more
great public schools, similar to Westminster and Eton, being
established in this kingdom. That in the north, a Right Rev.
Prelate had already taken much pains to establish one; and, in
the south, Kilkenny, from a number of circumstances, (beside
the merit of Dr Ellison, who he thought peculiarly entitled to
protection) was the proper place for another; the expence of
education in England, he said, was enormous; to his know-
ledge, it cost 800 l. per ann. for several years, to support and
educate three young gentlemen at Eton. He then slightly glanc-
ed over a scheme he intended to propose, for establishing great
schools in Ireland, and said on a convenient day he would bring
it before the House.
Sir Henry Cavendish acquainted the House that he would,
after Christmas, move the House to reduce the interest of mo-
ney to five per cent. after which he made a long string of mo-
tions.
PANTHEON.—Mary's Chapel, Nov. 8, 1783.
IRISH REFORM.
THE political affairs of Ireland having, of late, very much engrossed
the attention of all ranks in Great Britain, as well as in that king-
dom,—the Society, in order to give full scope for the discussion of a
matter so highly interesting, have adopted the following Question as
the subject of debate for Thursday next: "Ought the demands of the Irish
Delegates to be granted?" On Thursday thereafter, the following will
be agitated: "Against which ought you to be most guarded, the safety
of their own or the other Sex?"
TICKETS to be had of Mr Swann's Shop, Head of Carribber's
Close, and of the members, as usual.
PRACTICE OF THE LAW.
WALTER ROSS, Writer to the Signet, opens his Class for the
ensuing season, in the Great Room above the Dean of Guild
Court, upon Tuesday the 25th current, at one o'clock afternoon.
JOHN WRIGHT, Advocate, in the New As-
sembly Close, back of the City-Guard, Edinburgh, is to begin his
usual Classes of the LAW, for this ensuing Winter, on Monday the 17th
instant.—Two classes of the Civil or Roman Law; the one of Jus
NATURAL INSTITUTIONS, the other of the PANDECTS. The prelections
and illustrations in these, as well as the application to Modern, Public,
and Private Law, are delivered chiefly in English, but the examination
is in Latin the next day.
Likewise, a Class of the Scots Law, in the order of Mr Erskine's
Institutions, with regular examinations. The Institutions both of the
Scots and Civil Law, and half the Pandects, will be finished about the
end of March next; the Students will then have their choice either to
go on with the other half of the Pandects without intermission, or to
take it next session.
SOUND SHIPPING.
PASSED THE SOUND.
Oct. 27. Sealock Packet of and from Carron, Simpson, for Memel, in
ballast.
Diligence of Kirkcaldy, Miller, from Memel for Kirkcaldy,
with balks.
23. Robert of Irvine, Ross, from Memel for Dublin, with ditto.
British King of Greenock, Workman, from ditto for ditto, ditto.
24. Peggy and Betty of Carron, Russell, from ditto for Carron,
with oats.
ELGINORE, Oct. 25, 1783. Wind W. N. W.
WALTER WOOD.
ARRIVED AT GREENOCK, Nov. 3.—Recovery, Fullarton, from
Lairne, with limestones.
SAILED, Nov. 3.—Vigilant, Hay, for St Kitts, with goods; Janet,
Harvey, for Londonderry, with ditto; Fanny, Young, for Antigua,
with ditto; Jeany, Paul, for Belfast, with ditto; Bell and Mary,
Law, for ditto, with coals.—4. Mally, Hunter, for Bermuda, with
goods.
ARRIVED AT LEITH, Nov. 4.—Christian, Sharp, from Culross,
with cinders and coal-tar; Friendship, Milne, from Aberdeen, with
goods; Courtess of Hyndford, Johnston, from Fishervale, in ballast;
Mercury, Barr, from Long-Island, with kelp; Grizel, Maciver,
from Stormaw, with herrings.—5. Providence, Jones, from Alloa,
with coals; Katharine and Isobel, Lyell, from Perth, with goods;
Mally, Lighton, from Montrose, with goods; Juffrow Henrietta,
Hickel, from Rotterdam, with goods; Nelly, Greig, from Peter-
burgh, with dials and iron; Elizabeth, Berckiger, from Memel,
with logs.—6. Mary, Bruce, from Down, in ballast; James, Som-
erville, from Newcastle, goods; Peggy, Wood, from Limekilns,
with coals; Janet, Clark, from Inverkeithing, ditto; Betty, Murray,
from Alloa, ditto; Fellowship, MacLaren, from ditto, ditto; Ad-
venture, Lumden, from Hamburg, with goods; Aclive, Jamieson,
from Borrowstowness, with bark and porter.—7. Margaret, Grant,
from St David's, with coals; Concord, Porteous, from Memel, with
wheat and logs; Peggy, Pearson, from Peterburgh, with flax, hemp,
iron, &c.; Helen, Taylor, from Turryburn, with coals; Melvin
Castle, Beaton, from Limekilns, ditto; Isobel, Webster, from ditto,
with tyles; Scottarvit, Cheyne, from Memel, with logs; Diligence,
Millar, from ditto, ditto.—8. Swift, Watson, from Borrowstowness,
with salt and coals; Advice, Wright, from Memel, with logs; Pro-
vidence, Hishop, from Throak, with tyles.
SAILED, Isobel, Lawrence, for Limekilns, light; Endeavour, Ruther-
ford, for Alloa, in ballast; Concord, Easton, for Carron, in ballast;
Isobel, Drysdale, for Limekilns, with iron, &c.; Elizabeth and Ma-
ry, Armstrong, for London, with tar.
ARRIVED AT GRANGEMOUTH, Nov. 3. Betty, Mackenzie, from
Archangel, with tar.—4. Friendship, Mitchell, from Dunbar, with
malt; Providence, Ross, from Leith, for Glasgow, with sundries;
Dispatch, Cunningham, from Borrowstowness, for ditto, with
ditto.—5. Earl of Castillis, Kennedy, from Dundee, for Glasgow,
with sundries.—6. Ferret, Norris, from Lynn, with barley.—7.
Industry, Duncan, from Alloa, for Glasgow, with timber.
SAILED, Nov. 1. Jean, Napier, for Leith, with tallow.—2. Eagle, Cal-
der, for Alloa, with yest; Experiment, Duncan, for Aberdeen, with
window-glass.—3. Orlow Packet, Smith, for Alloa, with yest.—
6. Success, Adamson, for Dyfart, in ballast.—7. Jean, Brown, for
Leith, with tobacco and vitriol; Glasgow, Shaw, for Borrowstown-
ness, with sundries.
PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, Nov. 7.
Wheat 19s. 6 d. 18s. 6 d. 17s. 6 d.
Barley 16 6 14 6 12 6
Oats 14 0 12 0 10 0
Pease 12 6 11 6 10 0
JURIDICAL SOCIETY.
THE First Meeting of the Society for the Winter Session, is to be
held in the usual Class-room of the College, upon Monday next,
the 20th current, at eight o'clock in the evening.
TO BE SUNK.
ONE Thousand Pounds Sterling, on an annu-
ity during the life of the receiver. For particulars apply to David
Erskine clerk to the signet.
THOSE indebted to the deceased Mr ALEX-
ANDER WHYTE, late Marble-cutter and Merchant in Leith
and Edinburgh, are required to make immediate payment of the sums
due by them, to Andrew Steele writer, Niddry's Wynd, Edinburgh;
as otherwise prosecutions must necessarily be commenced against them.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.

HIS Grace the DUKE of ROXBURGH being desirous to preserve the GAME on his lands in the counties of Roxburgh, Berwick, and East Lothian, hopes that no Gentlemen will shoot or kill game thereon.—People are appointed to attend to the preservation of the game, who have strict orders to prosecute poachers as the law directs.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

To be SOLD by roup, by Mrs. BOWIE, Auctioneer, on Tuesday the 11th November current.

THE whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in the house No. 18, west side of St. Andrew's Square, consisting of drawing room, parlour, bed-room and kitchen furniture, down and feather beds, &c. all in good condition.—The roup to begin at 10 o'clock, and to continue till all is sold off.

Borrowstounness Canal Navigation.

A GENERAL MEETING, adjourned from the 23d September last, is appointed to be held at the Duke of Hamilton's Arms, Borrowstounness, on Tuesday the 11th November current, at eleven o'clock forenoon, when it is entreated the members will attend.

Also, on Tuesday the 18th current, at the same place and hour, being one of the Quarterly Meetings appointed by the act of Parliament. Not to be repeated.

AN INN TO LET.

TO BE LET for the purpose of an INN, that HOUSE at Livingston Kirk, presently possessed by Thomas Ramsay, being the first stage from Edinburgh to Glasgow.

The proprietor will, upon moderate terms, make such additions to the House and Offices as the tenant shall think proper, will accommodate him with any quantity of Ground, and give every other suitable encouragement.

For particulars apply to James Gray writer, Cowgate, Edinburgh.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

At a Meeting of the Creditors of JOHN McDONALD, Drover and Grazier at Gart, held at Down upon the 3d day of November current, in terms of an appointment of the Lord Swinton, Ordinary, who awarded the sequestration of the said John McDonald's estate, John Campbell, writer in Stirling, was appointed interim factor upon the bankrupt's estate; and the general meeting of creditors for the purpose of choosing a trustee, in terms of the statute, was ordained to be held within the house of John Campbell, innkeeper in Down, upon Wednesday the 10th day of December next, at 12 o'clock noon.

The said John Campbell does therefore, in obedience to the statute, and appointment of the creditors, hereby intimate the sequestration to all concerned; and require them, or their doers, properly authorized, to meet, time and place before mentioned, for the purpose before expressed. And further intimates, that the Sheriff-substitute of the County of Perth, who attended the said meeting, has appointed Saturday the 15th of November current, and the three succeeding Saturdays, for examining the bankrupt and his family, at eleven o'clock forenoon of each of these days, within the Court House of Dunblane, where the creditors may attend.

JOHN CAMPBELL.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN BAIRD, at Mill of Blackieuir, near Laurencekirk.

THE Minutes of the last general meeting of the said John Baird's Creditors, held on the 17th October last, electing William Bowman manufacturer at Laurencekirk, to be trustee over the sequestrated real and personal estate of the said John Baird, having been, on the 4th current, reported to the Lord Swinton, Ordinary on the bills, his Lordship ordained John Baird the bankrupt, on or before the 20th day of November current, to execute and deliver to the trustee a disposition and conveyance of his whole real and personal estate, wherever situated, in terms of the late statute against insolvent debtors.

Of all which, the said William Bowman gives this public notice to all concerned; and requires the whole creditors of the said John Baird to lodge with him, as trustee fore said, their claims and vouchers or grounds of debt, with their oaths for proving the same, as directed by the act of Parliament, against the 4th day of May next, being nine calendar months after the date of the interlocutor awarding the sequestration. With certification to those creditors who shall neglect to comply with this request, that they will not be entitled to any share in the first distribution of the debtors' estate.

WILLIAM BOWMAN.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of MILLS THOMAS, Merchant, and Keeper of the Caledonian Hotel in Edinburgh.

THAT, upon the application of Alexander Young, writer in Edinburgh, Lord Swinton, Ordinary, officiating on the bills, did, upon the 4th day of November current, sequestrate the whole real and personal estate of the said Mills Thomas, within the jurisdiction of the Court, and appointed his Creditors to meet at Edinburgh, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse there, upon the 20th day of November current, at 12 o'clock noon, to name an interim factor upon the said sequestrated estate, and granted commission to the Sheriff-depute of the shire of Edinburgh, or his substitutes, and, failing them, to any of the Magistrates of Edinburgh, or Justices of the Peace of the said shire, to attend the said Meeting of Creditors, and receive production of their grounds of debt, and oaths on the verity, as required by the statute of the 23d year of the reign of his present Majesty.

These are therefore intimating to the creditors of the said Mills Thomas, to meet at Edinburgh, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse there, upon Thursday the 20th of November current, in order to name an interim factor upon the said Mills Thomas's sequestrated estate; and, at same time, to produce their grounds of debt, and depone upon the verity thereof, to be reported to the Court of Session, in terms of the statute.



FOR LONDON, THE LEITH PACKET.

JOHN THOMSON Master.

IS taking in goods at the Birth in Leith Harbour, and will sail Saturday the 22d instant.

The Master to be spoke with Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at the Cross, or Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, at change hours, mornings and evenings on board; or at Mr. William Watt's, Leith.

The time of sailing carefully attended to.



AT LONDON—for BORROWSTOUNNESS, THE UNITY.

JAMES RITCHIE Master.

For JAMES GRINDLAY.

Now taking in goods at Hawley's Wharf, and will sail the 20th November current.

Letters on business addressed to the Master, at the New-England Coffeehouse, behind the Royal Exchange, will be properly attended to.



THE Brigantine NANCY.

WILLIAM DRUMMOND Master.

burden 170 tons, will be ready in a few days to take in goods for New York, and expected to sail by the 25th current.

The Nancy is known to be a fast sailer, and has good accommodation for cabin and steerage passengers.

Apply to Messrs. Allans, Wilsons, and Co. of Glasgow, or Johnston, Wilsons, and Co. Greenock.

November 5, 1783.

TO MERCHANTS and MANUFACTURERS.

JOSEPH SNOWBALL and CO. in Newcastle upon Tyne, beg leave to offer their best services in the Commission line; which business both in buying and selling, they intend to prosecute upon the most extensive plan, and upon such terms as to insure the favours of their employers.—Their attention will particularly be placed to the below articles, viz.

Goods furnished at Newcastle,	Goods imported into Newcastle from Scotland.
Sugars, same London.	Kelp.
Flour, same as ditto.	Aberdeen Oil.
Pins.	Aberdeen Hosi.
Tallow.	Foreign spirits.
McLasses.	Iron.
Alum.	Various Liqueurs.
Corn.	Lead.
Cheese.	Best Tinplates.
Coals.	Yarn.
Cinders.	Pitch.
Glass.	Hops.
Bottles.	English Rosin & Turpentine.
	Herrings.
	Starch.
	Linens.
	Threads.
	Fruits.

They have also taken Warehouses, commodiously situated upon the Quay, for the purpose of taking in goods, which will be carefully forwarded by the desired, and very earliest conveyances, upon very low terms, to any part of Scotland.

N. B. As one of the partners of this house purposes coming frequently into Scotland, it will be of particular advantage to their employers to be furnished with personal information.

All letters will be duly attended to, and bond, if required, given to any amount, for goods committed to their charge. Newcastle, Sept. 27, 1783.

SOAP WORK and UTENSILS.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Friday next the 14th day of November, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, One Sixth Part of a Scotch Acre of GROUND, or thereby, formerly part of the garden ground of the lands of Croft-angry, lying within the parish of Canongate, and the-riofdom of Edinburgh, with the whole HOUSES and BUILDINGS lately erected thereon by Boggie, Morrison, and Co. late soap boilers at Abbeyhill; and the whole UTENSILS and other Utensils in these buildings, used by that Company in their business of soap-boiling.

The ground, houses, and utensils may be seen any time before the sale, by applying to Mr. Swinton Wright, Abbeyhill; and an inventory of the particulars, with the articles and conditions of roup, by applying to Patrick Copland, writer, at Duff's office, Edinburgh.

To be LET, and entered to immediately.

THE FIRST FLAT, up stairs, of the Front Tenement in Cheffels's Buildings, consisting of six rooms and a kitchen, with a large cataract cellar, coal cellar, and a double garret-room, with two closets in it.

To which may be added, if wanted, a large kitchen with fixed grate, Carron oven, and flower, pipe of water, and sundry offices in the ground floor, with a large parlour and house-keeper's room, having many closets, presses, &c.

N. B. If this first flat is let by itself, the parlour, house-keeper's room, and large kitchen and offices below, will be set separately, for a house, shop, &c. for any person in shop-keeping business, the accommodations being suitable.

ALSO to be LET, the third flat, consisting of seven rooms; two bed-rooms, kitchen, with the same number of rooms on the garret flat over it, having a stair of communication within the House, and numerous conveniences.

Inquire of the proprietor in Cheffels's Court.

TENEMENT and GARDEN in DALKEITH.

TO BE SOLD, by public roup, within the House of Mr. Burns, vintner Dalkeith, upon Saturday the 29th day of November instant, at 12 o'clock noon, a Tenement of Houses, with a Garden and some full grown timber trees, thereon, lying on the north side of the high street of Dalkeith, nearly opposite to the Cross, and extending from the street down to the water.

For particulars apply to Joseph Norris, writer in Edinburgh, or James Mitchell, baker in Dalkeith.

SALE OF HOUSES IN EDINBURGH.

TO BE SOLD, by public roup, within John's Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 17th December next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS lying at the head of the West Bow, and back of the City Guard, viz.

Lot I. The Second, Third, and Fourth Storeys and Garrets of that Tenement of Land lying at the head of the West Bow, Edinburgh, on the south side of the street, fronting both to the Bow and Lawn Market, as presently possessed by Mrs. Dow, John Butter, and Mrs. Macgill tenants thereof, at the yearly rent of 15 l. Sterling.

Lot II. That Dwelling-house and Shop lying at the Back of the City-Guard, Edinburgh, as presently possessed by Mr. Cuthbertson fadler at the yearly rent of 15 l. Sterling.

Lot III. That other Dwelling-house and Shop immediately above the last lot, as lately possessed by Mr. Macpherson watchmaker, at the yearly rent of 18 l. Sterling. The whole of the above subjects are insured in the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance, upon the old plan, and the premiums paid up.

The progress of write, and conditions to be seen in the hands of Mr. Mitchellson, Carrubber's Close, who has power to conclude a private bargain.

HOUSES TO SELL.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 18th inst. between the hours of four and five afternoon, in the following LOTS:

Lot I. The Upper or Garret Storey of that Tenement of Land lying on the south side of the Grass-market of Edinburgh, being the 2d tenement west of the entry to Heriot's Hospital, consisting of five fire-rooms and a light closet, possessed by Mrs. Balfour and others, at 6 l. 10 s. of yearly rent.

Lot II. That Wrights Shop, with a neat finished Room, and a considerable Area adjoining thereto, fit either for a timber yard or building on, lying on the west side of Lady Lawson's Wynd, near to the head of the West Port Street, lately possessed by James Brown Wright, at 6 l. rent.

Lot III. Two neat Rooms and a Cellar, being the half of the ground storey of that tenement built by the deceased James Wyld Wright in Port-burgh, lying on the west side of the said Wynd, and presently possessed by Mr. Arnot, at 3 l. of rent.

Lot IV. These other Two Rooms and a Cellar, being the other half of the ground storey of said tenement, presently possessed by Mrs. McIntyre, at 3 l. of rent.

For further particulars, apply to Robert Renton writer in Edinburgh.

TO BE SOLD.

THAT new-built Tenement of LAND, lying in the middle of Todrick's Wynd, belonging to Alexander Weir painter, St. James's Square, consisting of nine dwelling-houses, all cheerful and neatly finished, and very convenient for accommodating small families; renting from three guineas to seven guineas per annum.

The upper flat consists of a dining-room, parlour, two bed-rooms, three bed-closets, kitchen, garrets, and other conveniences; and on the top, there is a small green-house, a grotto, and an elegant octagon, which commands a most agreeable prospect of the mouth of the Frith, North Berwick Law, the Bass, Arthur's Seat, and the country to the south and west. Which last-mentioned house and pertinents the purchaser may have immediate access to, as it was in the possession of the proprietor till Whit Sunday last, and never let to a tenant.

The title-deeds are clear, and in the hands of George Cairncross writer in Edinburgh, who has power to conclude a private bargain for the whole or any part of the subjects; and for further particulars intending purchasers may apply to the proprietor, or the said George Cairncross.

STIRLINGSHIRE.

TO BE SOLD by auction, upon Wednesday the 19th day of November next, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, at five o'clock afternoon.

I. The Barony of GLENTIRAN, in the parish of Kippen, within eight miles of Stirling;—holds blench of the Crown; valued rent 605 l. Scots; free real rent about 320 l. Sterling.

II. The Farms of MIDDLEFIELD and DOCCOCLES, in the Kers, and near the town of Falkirk; bounded on the north by the Great Canal; hold blench of the Crown;—valued rent 152 l. Scots; free real rent about 140 l. Sterling.

III. The Farms in DUNDAFF, in the parish of St. Ninians, possessed by William Morison, Andrew Adam, and William Morison; free rent about 130 l. Sterling; hold of the Duke of Montrose for payment of a small feu-duty.

Other particulars will be explained by Mr. Farquharson accompanant in Edinburgh, or by James Ferrier writer to the signet, who will show the conditions of sale, rentals, and writings.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS, IN THE COUNTY OF DUMFRIES.

TO BE SOLD, by Authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Friday the 12th of December 1783, between the hours of four and six afternoon.

The Five Pound Land of the Ten Pound Land of ECCLEFECHAN, comprehending the Lands of Hall of Ecclefechan and others, with several Houses within the village of Ecclefechan, situated in the parish of Hoddam and sheriffdom of Dumfries, lately belonging to the now deceased Mr. ALEXANDER OAR, writer to the signet.

The proven rental of this estate is 124 l. 17 s. 4 d. Sterling, and valuing the free rental at twenty-three years purchase, and the privilege of purchasing the tennds at five years purchase, the upset-price is 2366 l. 3 s. 4 d. 2-12ths Sterling.

These lands hold of a subject-superior, and lie in a pleasant situation, mostly adjoining to the village of Ecclefechan, within sixteen miles of the town and port of Dumfries, and four miles of the town and port of Annan, upon the great road leading from Carlisle to Glasgow by Moffat.

They contain between two and three hundred acres mostly arable, of an excellent soil, and capable of the highest improvement, which can be made at a small expence, by means of a lime-stone quarry within that part of the estate called the Hall.

The articles of roup, &c. are to be seen in the office of Mr. George Kirkpatrick depute-clerk of session; and persons desirous of further information may apply to John Tait jun. writer to the signet, Edinburgh, or Robert Ramsay writer in Dumfries, who will furnish particular rentals, &c.

The Papers which were in the possession of the late Mr. Alex. Orr, among which are many title-deeds of estates, bonds, bills, and other documents of debt, &c. belonging to different persons, are now in Mr. Tait's hands, and to him persons interested in these papers will please apply for them.

Further Adjourned.

JUDICIAL SALE OF THE

Estate of PITNACREE, in the Shire of Perth.

TO BE SOLD within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills, on Thursday the 18th day of December 1783, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon.

THE LANDS and OTHERS after mentioned, which belonged to Lord John Murray, and lying in the parish of Logierait, and shire of Perth, viz.

The Lands of PITNACREE, with the valuable WOODS, Mansion-house, and others thereto belonging, at the upset price of 5770 l. 4 s. 3 d. 2-12ths. These lands of Pitnacree hold blench of the Crown, and entitle to a freehold qualification; and the woods thereon must now be greatly increased in their value, the proof having been taken in the 1773.

The articles of roup, and title-deeds, to be seen in the hands of John Callender, depute-clerk of session, and John Frazer writer to the signet.

Upset Price Reduced.

SALE OF THE

ESTATE OF ORCHARDTON.

In the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.—In Whole or in Lots.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Monday the 15th of December 1783, the roup, to begin at five o'clock afternoon.

All and Whole the Lands and Estate of ORCHARDTON, lying within the parishes of Buile, Renwick, and united parishes of Gellon and Kelton, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

This estate consists of 3267 acres Scots measure, whereof there are 1690 acres of rich arable ground, and 1577 acres of excellent pasture.—Almost the whole estate is inclosed, and the arable farms are subdivided with good fences. The farm houses, which are timbered with the best foreign wood, and covered with slates, and office-houses, are in the very best order, most of them having been built within these three years. The present rent of the estate is about 2000 l. Sterl. after deduction of all public burdens, and by subdividing the larger farms, a considerable rise of rent might be obtained. The tenants are in general men of wealth, and are carrying on great improvements by means of lime, marle, sea-shells, leech, &c. with which the lands are plentifully supplied.

The natural wood on this estate is extensive, and the whole of an age fit for cutting; from a late appreciation it appears, that the value of the wood is upwards of 500 l. Sterling.

Upon the lands of New Orchardton there has been lately built a large, elegant, and commodious mansion-house, with a complete set of office-houses, and houses for labouring servants, executed in the most substantial manner. In erecting and completing which buildings, there has been expended upwards of 3000 l. Sterling. There is also a good garden and orchard well stocked with fruit trees.

The House of Orchardton is delightfully situated near the Bay of Hilt on the Solway Frith, and has a commanding prospect of the coast of England on the opposite shore. Within the bounds of the estate are several good harbours, fit to receive vessels of considerable burden, particularly one within 300 yards of the house of Orchardton; from the Bay near the house, the family residing there are at all seasons plentifully supplied with a variety of fish, which are taken by the servants, without difficulty, by placing nets at low water.—Among the many advantages which this estate enjoys, it may be remarked, that it lies in a country where the spring and summer are earlier than in any other place in Scotland, and the cold and other disagreeable effects of the east wind are scarcely felt.

The whole estate holds of the Crown for payment of small feu and blanch duties, and stands valued in the cess-books at 1047 l. Scots, which, with two forty-shilling lands of old extent, entitles the proprietor to four freehold qualifications.

The upset-price of the estate, if exposed altogether, is proposed to be only 23,000 l. Sterling.

If the estate is not sold in cumulo, it will be exposed in lots as follows, viz.

Lot I.—Mains of Orchardton, Chapelcroft, Blackbelly, &c. New Mill of Orchardton and Glenlunnock, and Mill of Auchincarrin, the present free rent whereof is about 780 l.; upset price to be 18,700 l.

Lot II.—This lot includes the mansion-house, and all the natural wood.

Lot III.—The Farm of Clonyards, lying detached from the rest of the estate; rent 20 l.; upset price to be 470 l.

Lot IV.—The Farm of Caigton; rent 200 l.; upset price to be 4700.

For further particulars enquire at the proprietor at Orchardton house, William Keir accompanant in Edinburgh, or at James Baillie at the Stamp Office, who will show the tacks, rental, progress of writs, and a plan and measurement of the estate. Any person inclining to treat by private bargain before the day of sale may apply as above.